What is claimed is:

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- 1. A disposable surgical scalpel comprising:
- a sharp blade for cutting skin or body parts in a surgical operation;
 - a blade-fixing member to which a rear end of the sharp blade is integrally fixed such that the sharp blade can reciprocate together with the blade-fixing member; and
- a handle disposed enclosing the blade-fixing member such

 that the sharp blade fixed on the blade-fixing member can be

 completely projected out of and inserted into the handle.
 - 2. The disposable surgical scalpel of claim 1, wherein the blade-fixing member comprises:
- a body to which the sharp blade is integrally coupled;
 - a reciprocal motion aid member coupled on a top rear end of the body, the reciprocal motion aid member having a free front end and a rear fixed end by which the free front end is elastically biased upwards; and
- a pushing portion protruded from a top surface of the reciprocal motion aid member, a user's finger contacting the pushing portion to reciprocate the blade-fixing member;
 - a first fixing projection protruded from the top surface of the reciprocal motion aid member at a front side of the pushing portion to fix the blade-fixing member at a location

where the blade is projected out of the handle; and

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a second fixing projection protruded from the top surface of the reciprocal motion aid member at a rear side of the pushing portion to fix the blade-fixing member at a location where the blade is inserted into the handle.

3. The disposable surgical scalpel of claim 2, wherein the handle comprising:

a main body defining a cavity for receiving the blade
10 fixing member, the main body being provided at a front end

with a blade passing opening through which the sharp blade can

be projected out and inserted in;

a separation-preventing plate fixed on a side portion of the main body to prevent the blade-fixing member receiving in the cavity from being separated;

a reciprocating motion aid slot formed on a top surface of the main body to obtain a moving distance of the pushing portion of the reciprocating motion aid member and to thereby allow the blade-fixing member to move at a predetermined distance;

a first fixing groove with which the first fixing projection is interlocked when the sharp blade is projected out of the handle by a forward movement of the blade-fixing member, the first fixing groove being formed on a front side of the reciprocating motion aid slot; and

a second fixing groove with which the second fixing projection is interlocked when the sharp blade is inserted in the handle by a rearward movement of the blade-fixing member, the first fixing groove being formed on a rear side of the seciprocating motion aid slot.